HEALTHY IS UNDERSTANDING

HUMAN PAPILLOMA VIRUS (HPV)



WHAT IS HPV?



- HPV is a sexually transmitted infection (STI)
- HPV is the most common STI

Approximately...

43 MILLION

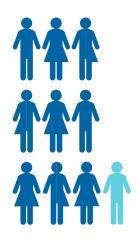
HPV infections were recorded in 2018

HOW CAN YOU GET HPV?

- HPV is a virus spread during vaginal, anal, or oral sex by a person infected with the virus
- HPV can be spread through close skin-to-skin touching
- HPV can be spread by an infected person who does not have symptoms

Symptoms from HPV can develop years after infection and it can be difficult to know when a person was first infected

WHAT ARE THE SYMPTOMS OF HPV?



- Genital Warts: Appear as flat lesions and cauliflower like bumps in the genital area
- Common Warts: Appear as rough, raised on bumps on the hands and fingers
- Plantar Warts: Appear as hard, grainy growths on the feet
- Flat Warts: Appear as flattopped, raised lesions on the face or legs



All symptoms can be diagnosed by a healthcare provider

CAN I BE TESTED FOR HPV?

Women between the ages of 30 and 65 are routinely screened for HPV with a pap smear

There is NO screening test for men

WHAT TYPES OF CANCER CAN HPV CAUSE?

 HPV can cause cervical cancer and cancer involving the vulva, vagina, penis, anus, and back of the throat

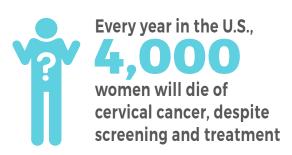


 It can take years, even decades, for cancer from HPV to develop

EVERY YEAR IN THE U.S., OVER 19,000 WOMEN AND 12.000 MEN

will develop cancer caused by HPV

Every year in the U.S., there are 12,000 people living with cervical cancer



THERE IS NO WAY TO TELL WHO WILL DEVELOP CANCER FROM HPV

https://www.cdc.org/std/hpv/stdfact-hpv.htm

HOW CAN I PREVENT HPV INFECTION?

GET VACCINATED

The HPV vaccine is safe and effective and protects against diseases and cancers caused by HPV





Routine screening for women ages 21-65 can prevent cervical cancer

IF YOU ARE HAVING SEX:

Have protected sex. Use condoms and/ or dental dams every time during vaginal, anal, and oral sex. Condoms and dental dams must be used correctly and do not fully protect against infection.

WHO SHOULD GET VACCINATED?

All boys and girls ages 11-12 (can start as early as age 9) and everyone through age 26, if not already vaccinated



Adults 27-45 may decide to get vaccinated following a discussion with their health care provider